Surface meteorological data from Kirkwood Island off the Antarctic Peninsula from the Autonomous Weather station from 2001-2003 (SOGLOBEC project)

Website: https://www.bco-dmo.org/dataset/2347

Data Type: Other Field Results

Version: 1

Version Date: 2010-01-01

Project

» U.S. GLOBEC Southern Ocean (SOGLOBEC)

Program

» <u>U.S. GLOBal ocean ECosystems dynamics</u> (U.S. GLOBEC)

Contributors	Affiliation	Role
Beardsley, Robert C.	Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution (WHOI)	Co-Principal Investigator
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Abstract

Surface meteorological data from Kirkwood Island off the Antarctic Peninsula from the Autonomous Weather station from 2001-2003 (SOGLOBEC project)

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Coverage

Temporal Extent: 2001-05-22 - 2003-04-30

Dataset Description

SO GLOBEC Moored Array, Drifter, and Float Component

PIs: Bob Beardsley, Dick Limeburner, Breck Owen

Surface meteorological data collected at Kirkwood Island

Location 68.34S - 69.01W, elev 30m (source http://amrc.ssec.wisc.edu/aws/)

Fieldname descriptions

Date of submission: 12/07/04

Source File: SOG aws rawNEW2.mat (from Mike Caruso)

Processing by Beardsley group:

Edit barometric pressure, air temp., relative humidity, and wind speed by:

- (a) removing values outside bounds,
- (b) convert wind speed and direction (met convention) into east and north wind components u,v (ocean convention),
- (c) removing wild points, (csub1) average resulting edited data in 1 hr time bins to create uniform hourly time series,
- (d) truncating each variable into common time base,
- (e) compute wind stress, sensible heat flux and latent heat flux using COARE26, with SST set to 0 and sensor height 12 m).

Save times tuv0 when raw wind speed = 0 (prop stuck due to icing, etc). [edit_aws_rawD.m, awsintA.m, coare26v.m] (not served)

Sample Rate: 1 hr Records: 16993

Period: Start: 05/22/2001 00 GMT

Stop: 04/30/2003 00 GMT

Last updated March 1, 2006

Methods & Sampling

Surface meteorological data collected at Kirkwood Island. Location 68.34S - 69.01W, elev 30m (source http://amrc.ssec.wisc.edu/aws/)

Data Processing Description

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Save times tuv0 when raw wind speed = 0 (prop stuck due to icing, etc). [edit_aws_rawD.m, awsintA.m, coare26v.m]

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Data Files

File

awsK.csv(Comma Separated Values (.csv), 2.19 MB) MD5:b54cd43e46106232d96bd7816a19bc95

Primary data file for dataset ID 2347

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Parameters

Description	Units
year	
month of year, GMT	
day of month, GMT	
time, GMT 24 hour clock, whole hours	
barometric pressure	millibars
Julian day (decimal day) as a reference, Julian day 2440000 begins at 0000 hours, May 23, 1968.	dec. day
wind speed	meters/second
wind direction with reference to East (deg wrt E)reported in the meteorological convention (winds from) as:positive 0-180 degrees, counter clockwise from Eastnegative 0-180 degrees, clockwise from East	deg wrt E
east component of wind velocity, reported in the oceanographic convention (winds to)	m/sec
north component of wind velocity, reported in the oceanographic convention (winds to)	m/sec
air temperature	degrees C.
relative humidity	percent
wind stress	Newtons/m ²
east component of wind stress	Newtons/m ²
north component of wind stress	Newtons/m ²
sensible heat flux	watts/m ²
latent heat flux	watts/m ²
	month of year, GMT day of month, GMT time, GMT 24 hour clock, whole hours barometric pressure Julian day (decimal day) as a reference, Julian day 2440000 begins at 0000 hours, May 23, 1968. wind speed wind direction with reference to East (deg wrt E)reported in the meteorological convention (winds from) as:positive 0-180 degrees, counter clockwise from Eastnegative 0-180 degrees, clockwise from East east component of wind velocity, reported in the oceanographic convention (winds to) north component of wind velocity, reported in the oceanographic convention (winds to) air temperature relative humidity wind stress east component of wind stress north component of wind stress sensible heat flux

Instruments

Dataset-specific Instrument Name	Automatic Weather Station
Generic Instrument Name	Automated Weather Station
Dataset-specific Description	Automated Weather Station
Generic Instrument Description	Land-based AWS systems are designed to record meteorological information.

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Deployments

Kirkwood Island

Website	https://www.bco-dmo.org/deployment/57634
Platform	Autonomous Weather station
Start Date	2001-05-22
End Date	2003-04-30
Description	Methods & Sampling Surface meteorological data collected at Kirkwood Island. Location 68.34S - 69.01W, elev 30m (source http://amrc.ssec.wisc.edu/aws/) Processing Description Processing by Beardsley group: Edit barometric pressure, air temp., relative humidity, and wind speed by: (a) removing values outside bounds, (b) convert wind speed and direction (met convention) into east and north wind components u,v (ocean convention), (c) removing wild points, (csub1) average resulting edited data in 1 hr time bins to create uniform hourly time series, (d) truncating each variable into common time base, (e) compute wind stress, sensible heat flux and latent heat flux using COARE26, with SST set to 0 and sensor height 12 m). Save times tuv0 when raw wind speed = 0 (prop stuck due to icing, etc). [edit_aws_rawD.m, awsintA.m, coare26v.m]

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Project Information

U.S. GLOBEC Southern Ocean (SOGLOBEC)

Website: http://www.ccpo.odu.edu/Research/globec-menu.html

Coverage: Southern Ocean

The fundamental objectives of United States Global Ocean Ecosystems Dynamics (U.S. GLOBEC) Program are dependent upon the cooperation of scientists from several disciplines. Physicists, biologists, and chemists must make use of data collected during U.S. GLOBEC field programs to further our understanding of the interplay of physics, biology, and chemistry. Our objectives require quantitative analysis of interdisciplinary data sets and, therefore, data must be exchanged between researchers. To extract the full scientific value, data must be made available to the scientific community on a timely basis.

Program Information

U.S. GLOBal ocean ECosystems dynamics (U.S. GLOBEC)

Website: http://www.usglobec.org/

Coverage: Global

U.S. GLOBEC (GLOBal ocean ECosystems dynamics) is a research program organized by oceanographers and fisheries scientists to address the question of how global climate change may affect the abundance and production of animals in the sea.

The U.S. GLOBEC Program currently had major research efforts underway in the Georges Bank / Northwest Atlantic Region, and the Northeast Pacific (with components in the California Current and in the Coastal Gulf of Alaska). U.S. GLOBEC was a major contributor to International GLOBEC efforts in the Southern Ocean and Western Antarctic Peninsula (WAP).

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Funding

Funding Source	Award
NSF Antarctic Sciences (NSF ANT)	ANT-0537827
NSF Antarctic Sciences (NSF ANT)	ANT-0338147
NSF Antarctic Sciences (NSF ANT)	ANT-0230028

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