# Fluorometric chlorophyll-a and phaeopigments from RVIB Nathaniel B. Palmer NBP-96-4A, NBP-97-1, NBP-97-3, NBP-97-8, NBP-98-2 cruises in the Southern Ocean in 1997 (U.S. JGOFS AESOPS project)

Website: https://www.bco-dmo.org/dataset/2745

Version: final

Version Date: 2002-04-12

#### Project

» U.S. JGOFS Antarctic Environment and Southern Ocean Process Study (AESOPS)

### **Program**

» U.S. Joint Global Ocean Flux Study (U.S. JGOFS)

| Contributors         | Affiliation   | Role                   |
|----------------------|---|------------------------|
| Smith, Walker O.     | Virginia Institute of Marine Science (VIMS)         | Principal Investigator |
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### **Table of Contents**

- <u>Dataset Description</u>
- Data Files
- Parameters
- Instruments
- Deployments
- Project Information
- Program Information

### **Dataset Description**

Fluorometric chlorophyll-a & phaeopigments

[ table of contents | back to top ]

### **Data Files**

### File

**phaeopigments\_NBP-96-04A.csv**(Comma Separated Values (.csv), 17.36 KB)

MD5:1531f22524625289fe0202c36051de53

Version August 23, 2001 (original version April 12, 1999)

PI: Walker O. Smith

of: Virginia Institute of Marine Science

dataset: Fluorometric chlorophyll-a & phaeopigments project/cruise: AESOPS/NBP96-4A - Ross Sea Process Cruise 1

ship: Nathaniel B. Palmer

#### File

# phaeopigments\_NBP-97-01.csv (Comma Separated Values (.csv), 20.04 KB) MD5:a21cfa69a8aac078cdd1d8c34ce42980

Version August 23, 2001 (original version May 14, 1999)

PI: Walker O. Smith

of: Virginia Institute of Marine Science

dataset: Fluorometric chlorophyll-a & phaeopigments project/cruise: AESOPS/NBP-97-1 - Ross Sea Process Cruise 2

ship: Nathaniel B. Palmer

DMO note (020423):

suspect event 01171933, sta 5, cast 8, data reported from bottle 1; bottle was tripped at 20 dbars (not 30 as reported).

suspect event 01190310, sta 7, cast 2, data reported from bottle 5 was most likely from bottle 4 (tripped at 9.9 db).

# phaeopigments\_NBP-97-03.csv (Comma Separated Values (.csv), 11.40 KB) MD5:14a4de6401ec25feb1910c072bfc60dc

Version August 23, 2001 (original version May 14, 1999)

PI: Walker O. Smith

of: Virginia Institute of Marine Science

dataset: Fluorometric chlorophyll-a & phaeopigments project/cruise: AESOPS/NBP-97-3 - Ross Sea Process Cruise 3

ship: Nathaniel B. Palmer

DMO note (020410): suspect event 04141658, sta 4, cast 2,

data reported from bottle 6 most likely came from bottle 7 or 8 fired at 3 meters.

## **phaeopigments\_NBP-97-08.csv** (Comma Separated Values (.csv), 31.03 KB)

MD5:28a13873b50e61ed07bc516a50cdefbb

Version August 23, 2001 (original version May 14, 1999)

PI: Walker O. Smith

of: Virginia Institute of Marine Science

dataset: Fluorometric chlorophyll-a & phaeopigments project/cruise: AESOPS/NBP-97-8 - Ross Sea Process Cruise 4

ship: Nathaniel B. Palmer

#### phaeopigments NBP-98-2.csv (C

(Comma Separated Values (.csv), 2.79 KB) MD5:ff2b8d6d596fa2c769d3e800a4f57041

Version April 12, 2002 PI: Walker O. Smith

of: Virginia Institute of Marine Science

dataset: Fluorometric chlorophyll-a & phaeopigments

project/cruise: AESOPS/NBP-98-2 - Benthic Cruise

ship: R/V Nathaniel B. Palmer

#### [ table of contents | back to top ]

### **Parameters**

| Parameter   | Description  | Units            |
|-------------|--|------------------|
| event       | event number from event log  |                  |
| sta         | station number from event log  |                  |
| cast        | cast number  |                  |
| cast_type   | CTD = CTD rosette<br>TM = trace metal rosette  |                  |
| bot         | bottle number  |                  |
| depth_n     | nominal depth  | meters           |
| Fo_to_Fa    | ratio of fluorometer readings, where: Fo = sample reading before acidification Fa = sample reading after acidification |                  |
| chl_a_fluor | chlorophyll-a, fluorometric method   | micrograms/liter |
| phaeo       | phaeopigments, fluorometric method   | micrograms/liter |

## [ table of contents | back to top ]

## Instruments

| Dataset-<br>specific<br>Instrument<br>Name | Niskin Bottle   |
|--|---|
| Generic<br>Instrument<br>Name              | Niskin bottle   |
| Dataset-<br>specific<br>Description        | CTD clean rosette (Niskin) bottles were used to collect water samples   |
|  | A Niskin bottle (a next generation water sampler based on the Nansen bottle) is a cylindrical, non-metallic water collection device with stoppers at both ends. The bottles can be attached individually on a hydrowire or deployed in 12, 24, or 36 bottle Rosette systems mounted on a frame and combined with a CTD. Niskin bottles are used to collect discrete water samples for a range of measurements including pigments, nutrients, plankton, etc. |

| Dataset-specific Instrument<br>Name | Trace Metal Bottle  |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Generic Instrument Name             | Trace Metal Bottle  |
| <b>Dataset-specific Description</b> | Trace metal (TM) clean rosette bottles were used to collect water samples.                    |
| Generic Instrument Description      | Trace metal (TM) clean rosette bottle used for collecting trace metal clean seawater samples. |

## [ table of contents | back to top ]

# **Deployments**

### NBP-96-04A

| Website     | https://www.bco-dmo.org/deployment/57718  |
|-------------|---|
| Platform    | RVIB Nathaniel B. Palmer  |
| Report      | http://usjgofs.whoi.edu/aesops/p1.html  |
| Start Date  | 1996-10-02  |
| End Date    | 1996-11-08  |
| Description | Ross Sea Process Study 1  Methods & Sampling PI: Walker O. Smith of: University of Tennessee dataset: Fluorometric chlorophyll-a & phaeopigments dates: October 17, 1996 to November 06, 1996 location: N: -76.4623 S: -78.0348 W: 168.9967 E: -175.9047 project/cruise: AESOPS/NBP96-4A - Ross Sea Process 1 Cruise ship: R/V Nathaniel B. Palmer Methodology: Please see Chapter 14 of the JGOFS protocols (1994), "Measurements of Chlorophyll a and Phaeopigments by Fluorometric Analysis" PI-Notes on Methodology: 25mm GF/F filters Extracted volume = 7mL in 90% Acetone 1.2M HCl = 3 drops ASA's 10-AU fluorometer. Blank=0. Calibrated by Scott Polk (ASA: Antarctic Support Associates) DMO Note on multiple-bottle events |

### NBP-97-01

| NDI -57-01  |  |
|-------------|--|
| Website     | https://www.bco-dmo.org/deployment/57720   |
| Platform    | RVIB Nathaniel B. Palmer   |
| Report      | http://usjgofs.whoi.edu/aesops/p2.html   |
| Start Date  | 1997-01-13   |
| End Date    | 1997-02-11   |
| Description | Ross Sea Process Study 2  Methods & Sampling PI: Walker O. Smith of: University of Tennessee dataset: Fluorometric chlorophyll-a & phaeopigments dates: January 13, 1997 to February 09, 1997 location: N: -73.9972 S: -78.043 W: 163.3950 E: -175.9906 project/cruise: AESOPS/NBP97-1 - Ross Sea Process 2 Cruise ship: R/V Nathaniel B. Palmer Methodology: Please see Chapter 14 of the JGOFS protocols (1994), "Measurements of Chlorophyll a and Phaeopigments by Fluorometric Analysis" PI-Notes on Methodology: 25mm GF/F filters Extracted volume = 7mL in 90% Acetone 1.2M HCl = 3 drops ASA's 10-AU fluorometer. Blank=0. Calibrated by A.M. White (ASA: Antarctic Support Associates) |

| Website     | https://www.bco-dmo.org/deployment/57721   |
|-------------|--|
| Platform    | RVIB Nathaniel B. Palmer   |
| Report      | http://usjgofs.whoi.edu/aesops/p3.html   |
| Start Date  | 1997-04-04   |
| End Date    | 1997-05-11   |
| Description | Ross Sea Process Study 3  Methods & Sampling PI: Walker O. Smith of: University of Tennessee dataset: Fluorometric chlorophyll-a & phaeopigments dates: April 12, 1997 to April 29, 1997 location: N: -73.9602 S: -77.9486 W: 168.9281 E: -176.1155 project/cruise: AESOPS/NBP97-3 - Ross Sea Process Cruise 3 ship: R/V Nathaniel B. Palmer Methodology: Please see Chapter 14 of the JGOFS protocols (1994), "Measurements of Chlorophyll a and Phaeopigments by Fluorometric Analysis" PI-Notes on Methodology: 25mm GF/F filters Extracted volume = 7mL in 90% Acetone 1.2M HCl = 3 drops ASA's 10-AU fluorometer. Blank=0. Calibrated by K. Hanson (ASA: Antarctic Support Associates) DMO Note on multiple-bottle events |

### NBP-97-08

| NDP-97-06   |  |
|-------------|--|
| Website     | https://www.bco-dmo.org/deployment/57722   |
| Platform    | RVIB Nathaniel B. Palmer   |
| Report      | http://usjgofs.whoi.edu/aesops/p4.html   |
| Start Date  | 1997-11-05   |
| End Date    | 1997-12-13   |
| Description | Ross Sea Process Study 4 SeaWiFS transmits images to U.S. JGOFS scientists aboard the Palmer, for first time on November 23, 1997.  Methods & Sampling PI: Walker O. Smith of: University of Tennessee dataset: Fluorometric chlorophyll-a & phaeopigments dates: November 15, 1997 to December 11, 1997 location: N: -73.5048 S: -77.888 W: 168.9257 E: -177.9562 project/cruise: AESOPS/NBP97-8 - Ross Sea Process 4 Cruise ship: R/V Nathaniel B. Palmer Methodology: Please see Chapter 14 of the JGOFS protocols (1994), "Measurements of Chlorophyll a and Phaeopigments by Fluorometric Analysis" PI-Notes on Methodology: 25mm GF/F filters Extracted volume = 7mL in 90% Acetone 1.2M HCl = 3 drops ASA's 10-AU fluorometer. Blank=0. Calibrated by S. Mathot and J. Seward (ASA: Antarctic Support Associates) DMO Note on multiple-bottle events DMO Note on discrepencies with TMbottle data |

### NBP-98-2

| Website     | https://www.bco-dmo.org/deployment/57723  |
|-------------|---|
| Platform    | RVIB Nathaniel B. Palmer  |
| Report      | http://usjgofs.whoi.edu/aesops/nbp-bp_mr.html   |
| Start Date  | 1998-02-25  |
| End Date    | 1998-04-03  |
| Description | Methods & Sampling PI: Walker O. Smith of: University of Tennessee dataset: Fluorometric chlorophyll-a & phaeopigments dates: February 26, 1998 to March 29, 1998 location: N: -53.0437 S: -76.4962 W: 176.8417 E: -169.6257 project/cruise: AESOPS/NBP98-2 - Ross Sea Benthic Process and Mooring Recovery Cruise ship: R/V Nathaniel B. Palmer Methodology: Please see Chapter 14 of the JGOFS protocols (1994), "Measurements of Chlorophyll a and Phaeopigments by Fluorometric Analysis" PI-Notes on Methodology: 25mm GF/F filters Extracted volume = 7mL in 90% Acetone 1.2M HCl = 3 drops ASA's 10-AU fluorometer. Blank=0. Calibrated by S. Mathot & J. Seward (ASA: Antarctic Support Associates) |

#### [ table of contents | back to top ]

### **Project Information**

U.S. JGOFS Antarctic Environment and Southern Ocean Process Study (AESOPS)

Website: http://usjgofs.whoi.edu/research/aesops.html

Coverage: Southern Ocean, Ross Sea

The U.S. Southern Ocean JGOFS program, called Antarctic Environment and Southern Ocean Process Study (AESOPS), began in August 1996 and continued through March 1998. The U.S. JGOFS AESOPS program focused on two regions in the Southern Ocean: an east/west section of the Ross-Sea continental shelf along 76.5°S, and a second north/south section of the Southern Ocean spanning the Antarctic Circumpolar Current (ACC) at ~170°W (identified as the Polar Front). The science program, coordinated by Antarctic Support Associates (ASA), comprised eleven cruises using the R.V.I.B Nathaniel B. Palmer and R/V Roger Revelle as observational platforms and for deployment and recovery of instrumented moorings and sediment-trap arrays. The Ross-Sea region was occupied on six occasions and the Polar Front five times. Mapping data were obtained from SeaSoar, ADCP, and bathymetric systems. Satellite coverage was provided by the NASA SeaWiFS and the NOAA/NASA Pathfinder programs.

#### [ table of contents | back to top ]

### **Program Information**

U.S. Joint Global Ocean Flux Study (U.S. JGOFS)

Website: http://usjgofs.whoi.edu/

Coverage: Global

The United States Joint Global Ocean Flux Study was a national component of international JGOFS and an integral part of global climate change research.

The U.S. launched the Joint Global Ocean Flux Study (JGOFS) in the late 1980s to study the ocean carbon cycle. An ambitious goal was set to understand the controls on the concentrations and fluxes of carbon and associated nutrients in the ocean. A new field of ocean biogeochemistry emerged with an emphasis on quality measurements of carbon system parameters and interdisciplinary field studies of the biological, chemical and physical process which control the ocean carbon cycle. As we studied ocean biogeochemistry, we learned that our simple views of carbon uptake and transport were severely limited, and a new "wave" of ocean science was born. U.S. JGOFS has been supported primarily by the U.S. National Science Foundation in collaboration with the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, the Department of Energy and the Office of Naval Research. U.S. JGOFS, ended in 2005 with the conclusion of the Synthesis and Modeling Project (SMP).

[ table of contents | back to top ]