

Seawater data from long-term monitoring sites in St. John, USVI.

Website: <https://www.bco-dmo.org/dataset/735117>

Data Type: Other Field Results

Version: 1

Version Date: 2018-09-18

Project

» [The ecophysiological basis of the response of coral larvae and early life history stages to global climate change](#) (Climate_Coral_Larvae)

Contributors	Affiliation	Role
Edmunds, Peter J.	California State University Northridge (CSUN)	Principal Investigator
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Abstract

Seawater data from long-term monitoring sites in St. John, USVI.

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Coverage

Spatial Extent: Lat:18.32 Lon:-64.723

Temporal Extent: 2014-04-03 - 2014-06-15

Dataset Description

Data published in Marine Biology paper entitled “Interactive effects of ocean acidification and neighboring corals on the growth of *Pocillopora verrucosa*” and in JEMBE paper entitled “Effect of elevated pCO₂ on competition between the scleractinian corals *Galaxea fascicularis* and *Acropora hyacinthus*”.

Methods & Sampling

Methodology found in associated publications.

Data Processing Description

BCO-DMO Data Manager Processing Notes:

* modified parameter names to conform with BCO-DMO naming conventions

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Data Files

File
seawater.csv (Comma Separated Values (.csv), 13.10 KB) MD5:49999ad79850f58e8ec921acecfbfed7
Primary data file for dataset ID 735117

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Related Publications

Evensen, N. R., & Edmunds, P. J. (2016). Interactive effects of ocean acidification and neighboring corals on the growth of *Pocillopora verrucosa*. *Marine Biology*, 163(7). doi:[10.1007/s00227-016-2921-z](https://doi.org/10.1007/s00227-016-2921-z)
Results

,
Methods

Evensen, N. R., & Edmunds, P. J. (2018). Effect of elevated pCO₂ on competition between the scleractinian corals *Galaxea fascicularis* and *Acropora hyacinthus*. *Journal of Experimental Marine Biology and Ecology*, 500, 12-17. doi:[10.1016/j.jembe.2017.12.002](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jembe.2017.12.002)
Results

,
Methods

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Parameters

Parameter	Description	Units
Date	Date of sampling	unitless
Flume	Four flumes were used - two ambient (~ 400 uatm) and two elevated pCO2 (target 1000 uatm)	unitless
Salinity	Salinity refers to the salinity for a given flume (parts per thousand)	PSU
Temp	Temp refers to the temperature for a given flume (deg C)	Celsius
pH	pH reports the pH for a given flume (Total Scale)	pH
pCO2	pCO2 reports the seawater pCO2 for a given flume (uatm)	uatm
TA	TA reports total alkalinity for a given flume (umol kgSW-1)	umol kgSW-1
OmegaAragonite	OmegaAragonite reports the aragonite saturation state for a given flume	umol kgSW-1
Paper	Paper the data were published in	unitless

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Deployments

MCR_Edmunds

Website	https://www.bco-dmo.org/deployment/640059
Platform	Richard B Gump Research Station - Moorea LTER
Start Date	2010-01-01
End Date	2016-12-31
Description	Ongoing studies on corals

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Project Information

The ecophysiological basis of the response of coral larvae and early life history stages to global climate change (Climate_Coral_Larvae)

Coverage: Moorea, French Polynesia; Southern Taiwan; California State University Northridge

Tropical coral reefs face a suite of environmental assaults ranging from anchor damage to the effects of global climate change (GCC). The consequences are evident throughout the tropics, where many coral reefs have lost a substantial fraction of their coral cover in a

few decades. Notwithstanding the importance of reducing the impacts of environmental stresses, the only means by which these ecosystems can recover (or simply persist) is through the recruitment of scleractinians, which is a function of successful larval development, delivery, settlement, metamorphosis, and post-settlement events. Despite wide recognition of the importance of these processes, there are few pertinent empirical data, and virtually none that address the mechanisms mediating the success of early coral life stages in a physical environment varying at multiple spatio-temporal scales.

The objective of this research is to complete one of the first comprehensive ecophysiological analyses of the early life stages of corals through a description of: (1) their functionality under 'normal' conditions, and (2) their response to the main drivers of GCC. These analyses will be completed for 2 species representative of a brooding life history strategy, and the experiments will be completed in two locations, one (Taiwan) that provides unrivalled experience in coral reproductive biology, and superb microcosm facilities, and the other (Moorea), with access to a relatively pristine environment, a well described ecological and oceanographic context (through the MCR-LTER), and the capacity to bring a strong biogeographic contrast to the project. The results of the study will be integrated through modeling to explore the effects of GCC on coral community structure over the next century.

The following publications and data resulted from this project:

2013 Wall CB, Fan TY, Edmunds PJ. Ocean acidification has no effect on thermal bleaching in the coral *Seriatopora caliendrum*. Coral Reefs 33: 119-130.

[Symbiodinium_Seriatopora photosynthesis](#)

[Symbiodinium_Seriatopora PI curve](#)

[Symbiodinium_Seriatopora temp-salinity-light](#)

[Symbiodinium_Seriatopora water chemistry](#)

[- Download complete data for this publication \(Excel file\)](#)

2013 Wall CB, Edmunds PJ. *In situ* effects of low pH and elevated HCO₃⁻ on juvenile *Porites* spp. in Moorea, French Polynesia. Biological Bulletin 225:92-101.

Data at MCR and PANGAEA: [doi.pangaea.de/10.1594/PANGAEA.833913](https://doi.org/10.1594/PANGAEA.833913)

[- Download complete data for this publication \(Excel file\)](#)

2013 Vivian R Cumbo, Peter J Edmunds, Christopher B Wall, Tung-Yung Fan. Brooded coral larvae differ in their response to high temperature and elevated pCO₂ depending on the day of release. Marine Biology DOI 10.1007/s00227-013-2280-y.

Data also at PANGAEA: [doi.pangaea.de/10.1594/PANGAEA.831612](https://doi.org/10.1594/PANGAEA.831612)

[brooded coral larvae 2 - carbonate chemistry](#)

[brooded coral larvae 2 - larval release March 2003-2008](#)

[brooded coral larvae 2 - respiration_photosynth_mortality](#)

[- Download complete data for this publication \(Excel file\)](#)

2013 Edmunds PJ, Cumbo VR, Fan TY. Metabolic costs of larval settlement and metamorphosis in the coral *Seriatopora caliendrum* under ambient and elevated pCO₂. Journal Experimental Marine Biology and Ecology 443: 33-38 Data also at PANGAEA: [doi:10.1594/PANGAEA.821644](https://doi.org/10.1594/PANGAEA.821644)

[Coral post-settlement physiology](#)

[- Download complete data for this publication \(Excel file\)](#)

2013 Aaron M Dufault, Aaron Ninokawa, Lorenzo Bramanti, Vivian R Cumbo, Tung-Yung Fan, Peter J Edmunds. The role of light in mediating the effects of ocean acidification on coral calcification. Journal of Experimental Biology 216: 1570-1577.

[coral-light expt.- PAR](#)

[coral-light expt.- carbonate chemistry](#)

[coral-light expt.- temp_salinity](#)

[coral-light expt.- growth](#)

[coral-light expt.- protein](#)

[coral-light expt.- survival](#)

[- Download complete data for this publication \(Excel file\)](#)

2012 Cumbo, VR, Fan TY, Edmunds PJ. Effects of exposure duration on the response of *Pocillopora damicornis* larvae to elevated temperature and high pCO₂. J Exp Mar Biol Ecol 439: 100-107.

Data is also at PANGAEA: [doi:10.1594/PANGAEA.823582](https://doi.org/10.1594/PANGAEA.823582)

[brooded coral larvae 3 - carbonate chemistry](#)

[brooded coral larvae 3 - light](#)

[brooded coral larvae 3 - mortality](#)

[brooded coral larvae 3 - protein](#)

[brooded coral larvae 3 - respiration and protein](#)
[brooded coral larvae 3 - respiration raw data](#)
[brooded coral larvae 3 - symbiont density](#)
[brooded coral larvae 3 - tank temperature](#)
[- Download part 1 of data for this publication \(Excel file\)](#)
[- Download tank parameters data for this publication \(Excel file\)](#)

2012 Cumbo, VR, Fan TY, Edmunds PJ. Physiological development of brooded larvae from two pocilloporid corals in Taiwan. *Marine Biology* 159: 2853-2866.

[brooded coral - carbonate chemistry](#)
[brooded coral - release](#)
[brooded coral - respiration](#)
[brooded coral - settlement competency](#)
[brooded coral - size July](#)
[brooded coral - size protein symbionts photosynth](#)
[- Download complete data for this publication \(Excel file\)](#)

2012 Dufault, Aaron M; Vivian R Cumbo; Tung-Yung Fan; Peter J Edmunds. Effects of diurnally oscillating pCO₂ on the calcification and survival of coral recruits. *Royal Society of London (B)* 279: 2951-2958.

doi:10.1098/rspb.2011.2545
Data is also at PANGEA: [doi:10.1594/PANGAEA.830185](https://doi.org/10.1594/PANGAEA.830185)

[recruit growth area](#)
[recruit growth weight](#)
[recruit seawater chemistry](#)
[recruit survival](#)
[- Download complete data for this publication \(Excel file\)](#)

2011 Edmunds PJ, Cumbo V, Fan TY. Effects of temperature on the respiration of brooded larvae from tropical reef corals. *Journal of Experimental Biology* 214: 2783-2790.

[CorallArvae_comparison_respir](#)
[CorallArvae_release](#)
[CorallArvae_respir](#)
[CorallArvae_size](#)
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Funding

Funding Source	Award
NSF Division of Ocean Sciences (NSF OCE)	OCE-1415268
NSF Division of Ocean Sciences (NSF OCE)	OCE-1637396

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