# Binned profiles of CTD measurements from R/V Endeavor cruise EN640 from June-July 2019

Website: https://www.bco-dmo.org/dataset/846170

Data Type: Cruise Results

Version: 3

Version Date: 2021-03-19

#### **Project**

» <u>Collaborative Research: Impact of the Amazon River Plume on Nitrogen Availability and Planktonic Food Web Dynamics in the Western Tropical North Atlantic</u> (Amazon River Plume Nitrogen)

| Contributors         | Affiliation   | Role                      |
|----------------------|---|---------------------------|
| Montoya, Joseph      | Georgia Institute of Technology (GA Tech)           | Chief Scientist           |
| Peterson, Richard N. | Coastal Carolina University                         | Co-Principal Investigator |
| Subramaniam, Ajit    | Lamont-Doherty Earth Observatory (LDEO)             | Co-Principal Investigator |
| Rauch, Shannon       | Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution (WHOI BCO-DMO) | BCO-DMO Data Manager      |

#### Abstract

This dataset contains binned profiles of CTD measurements from R/V Endeavor cruise EN640 from June-July 2019

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#### Coverage

**Spatial Extent**: N:16.0319 E:-50.3916 S:4.87664 W:-60.0198

**Temporal Extent**: 2019-06-15 - 2019-07-07

## Methods & Sampling

Hydrographic data were collected during casts with a CTD-rosette system (SBE11plus) equipped with a fluorometer, transmissometer, oxygen sensor, and a PAR sensor.

#### **Data Processing Description**

## Data Processing:

Data were processed using SeaSave v 7.26.7.107. See Supplemental File "EN640\_CTD\_Sea-Bird\_File\_Header" (PDF) for a representative file header, which includes the SeaSave processing steps. Refer to Supplemental File "EN640\_CTD\_Data\_Notes" (PDF) for Excel processing notes.

#### **BCO-DMO Processing:**

- added date/time field in ISO8601 format;
- renamed fields to comply with BCO-DMO naming conventions.

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#### **Data Files**

File

**EN640\_CTD.csv**(Comma Separated Values (.csv), 7.94 MB)

MD5:9781ad7ede51b679e9539e825efa0230

Primary data file for dataset ID 846170

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## **Supplemental Files**

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## EN640\_CTD\_Data\_Notes.pdf

(Portable Document Format (.pdf), 406.71 KB) MD5:b850ad1a5b6039ef52aa625444aa4b5b

Processing notes describing the steps taken to compile data from the .btl files into the Excel file that was submitted to BCO-DMO.

## EN640\_CTD\_Sea-Bird\_File\_Header.pdf

(Portable Document Format (.pdf), 316.07 KB) MD5:b500ac9a4eb949d9264b0b10299ce46d

Representative Sea-Bird header file for the CTD casts conducted on cruise EN640. Includes sensor calibration information and SeaSave processing steps.

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#### **Parameters**

| Parameter        | Description   | Units    |
|------------------|---|----------|
| FileName         | Original name of data file  | unitless |
| Cruise           | Cruise identifer  | unitless |
| Station          | Station number  | unitless |
| StnEvent         | Numeric identifier for each deployment in the format SSS.EE. SSS is the station number and EE identifies the specific sampling event. | unitless |
| Scan             | Scan count  | unitless |
| TimeJ            | Julian day (UTC)  | unitless |
| ISO_DateTime_UTC | Date and time (UTC) in ISO8601 format: YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ssZ   | unitless |

| TimeS     | Time elapsed                           | seconds   |
|-----------|--|---|
| PrDM      | Pressure, Digiquartz                   | decibars (db)   |
| T090C     | Temperature [ITS-90]                   | degrees Celsius   |
| T190C     | Temperature, 2 [ITS-90]                | degrees Celsius   |
| T2_T190C  | Temperature Difference, 2 - 1 [ITS-90] | degrees Celsius   |
| C0S_m     | Conductivity                           | Siemens per meter (S/m)   |
| C1S_m     | Conductivity, 2                        | Siemens per meter (S/m)   |
| C2_C1S_m  | Conductivity Difference, 2 - 1         | Siemens per meter (S/m)   |
| V0        | Voltage 0                              | volts (V)   |
| CStarAt0  | Beam Attenuation, WET Labs C-Star      | reciprocal meters (1/m)   |
| CStarTr0  | Beam Transmission, WET Labs C-Star     | percent (%)   |
| V1        | Voltage 1                              | volts (V)   |
| FIECO_AFL | Fluorescence, WET Labs ECO-AFL/FL      | milligrams per cubic meter (mg/m^3)                                   |
| V2        | Voltage 2                              | volts (V)   |
| AltM      | Altimeter                              | meters (m)  |
| V3        | Voltage 3                              | volts (V)   |
| Par       | PAR/Irradiance, Biospherical/Licor     | micromoles photons per square meter per second (umol photons/m^2/sec) |
| V4        | Voltage 4                              | volts (V)   |
| Sbeox0V   | Oxygen raw, SBE 43                     | volts (V)   |

| V5         | Voltage 5                            | volts (V)   |
|------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| Sbeox1V    | Oxygen raw, SBE 43, 2                | volts (V)   |
| V6         | Voltage 6                            | volts (V)   |
| V7         | Voltage 7                            | volts (V)   |
| Spar       | SPAR, Biospherical/Licor             | micromoles photons per square meter per second (umol photons/m^2/sec) |
| Pumps      | Pump status                          | unitless  |
| Latitude   | Latitude                             | degrees North   |
| Longitude  | Longitude                            | degrees East  |
| DepSM      | Depth [salt water, m], lat = 11.2882 | meters (m)  |
| Sal00      | Salinity, Practical                  | PSU   |
| Sal11      | Salinity, Practical, 2               | PSU   |
| Sigma_t00  | Density [sigma-theta]                | kilograms per cubic meter (kg/m^3)                                    |
| Sigma_t11  | Density, 2 [sigma-theta]             | kilograms per cubic meter (kg/m^3)                                    |
| Sbeox0Mm_L | Oxygen, SBE 43, WS = 2               | micromoles per liter (umol/l)   |
| Sbeox1Mm_L | Oxygen, SBE 43, 2, WS = 2            | micromoles per liter (umol/l)   |
| Potemp090C | Potential Temperature [ITS-90]       | degrees Celsius   |
| Potemp190C | Potential Temperature, 2 [ITS-90]    | degrees Celsius   |
| SvCM       | Sound Velocity [Chen-Millero]        | meters per second (m/s)   |
| SvCM1      | Sound Velocity, 2 [Chen-Millero]     | meters per second (m/s)   |

| Dz_dtM | Descent Rate, WS = 2    | meters per second (m/s)    |
|--------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| Gpa    | Geopotential Anomaly    | joules per kilogram (J/kg) |
| Nbin   | number of scans per bin | unitless                   |
| Flag   | Flag                    | unitless                   |

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## Instruments

| Dataset-<br>specific<br>Instrument<br>Name | Seabird SBE 11plus v5.2   |
|--|---|
| Generic<br>Instrument<br>Name              | CTD Sea-Bird  |
| Generic<br>Instrument<br>Description       | A Conductivity, Temperature, Depth (CTD) sensor package from SeaBird Electronics. This instrument designation is used when specific make and model are not known or when a more specific term is not available in the BCO-DMO vocabulary. Refer to the dataset-specific metadata for more information about the specific CTD used. More information from: <a href="http://www.seabird.com/">http://www.seabird.com/</a> |

| Dataset-<br>specific<br>Instrument<br>Name | PAR/Irradiance & SPAR, Biospherical/Licor   |
|--|---|
| Generic<br>Instrument<br>Name              | LI-COR Biospherical PAR Sensor  |
| Generic<br>Instrument<br>Description       | The LI-COR Biospherical PAR Sensor is used to measure Photosynthetically Available Radiation (PAR) in the water column. This instrument designation is used when specific make and model are not known. |

| Dataset-specific<br>Instrument<br>Name | Oxygen, SBE 43   |
|--|--|
| Generic<br>Instrument<br>Name          | Sea-Bird SBE 43 Dissolved Oxygen Sensor  |
| Generic<br>Instrument<br>Description   | The Sea-Bird SBE 43 dissolved oxygen sensor is a redesign of the Clark polarographic membrane type of dissolved oxygen sensors. more information from Sea-Bird Electronics |

| Dataset-<br>specific<br>Instrument<br>Name | Fluorometer, WET Labs ECO-AFL/FL   |
|--|--|
| Generic<br>Instrument<br>Name              | Wet Labs ECO-AFL/FL Fluorometer  |
| Generic<br>Instrument<br>Description       | The Environmental Characterization Optics (ECO) series of single channel fluorometers delivers both high resolution and wide ranges across the entire line of parameters using 14 bit digital processing. The ECO series excels in biological monitoring and dye trace studies. The potted optics block results in long term stability of the instrument and the optional anti-biofouling technology delivers truly long term field measurements. more information from Wet Labs |

| Dataset-<br>specific<br>Instrument<br>Name | Transmissometer, WET Labs C-Star   |
|--|--|
| Generic<br>Instrument<br>Name              | WET Labs {Sea-Bird WETLabs} C-Star transmissometer   |
| Generic<br>Instrument<br>Description       | The C-Star transmissometer has a novel monolithic housing with a highly intgrated opto-<br>electronic design to provide a low cost, compact solution for underwater measurements of<br>beam transmittance. The C-Star is capable of free space measurements or flow-through<br>sampling when used with a pump and optical flow tubes. The sensor can be used in profiling,<br>moored, or underway applications. Available with a 6000 m depth rating. More information on<br>Sea-Bird website: <a href="https://www.seabird.com/c-star-transmissometer/product?id=60762467717">https://www.seabird.com/c-star-transmissometer/product?id=60762467717</a> |

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# **Deployments**

#### **EN640**

| Website     | https://www.bco-dmo.org/deployment/846173  |
|-------------|--|
| Platform    | R/V Endeavor   |
| Start Date  | 2019-06-13   |
| End Date    | 2019-07-08   |
| Description | See more information from the Rolling Deck to Repository (R2R):<br>https://www.rvdata.us/search/cruise/EN640 |

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# **Project Information**

Collaborative Research: Impact of the Amazon River Plume on Nitrogen Availability and Planktonic Food Web Dynamics in the Western Tropical North Atlantic (Amazon River Plume Nitrogen)

Coverage: Amazon River plume

## NSF Award Abstract:

This is a focused program of field research in waters of the Western Tropical North Atlantic influenced by the Amazon River Plume during the high river flow season. The Amazon Plume region supports diverse plankton

communities in a dynamic system driven by nutrients supplied by transport from the river proper as well as nutrients entrained from offshore waters by physical mixing and upwelling. This creates strong interactions among physical, chemical, and biological processes across a range of spatial and temporal scales. The field program will link direct measurements of environmental properties with focused experimental studies of nutrient supply and nutrient limitation of phytoplankton, as well as the transfer of phytoplankton nitrogen to the zooplankton food web. The Amazon Plume exhibits a close juxtaposition of distinct communities during the high-flow season, making it an ideal site for evaluating how nutrient availability, nutrient supply, and habitat longevity interact to drive offshore ecosystem dynamics and function. This project will include German collaborators and will seamlessly integrate education and research efforts. The investigators and their institutions have a strong commitment to undergraduate and graduate education and to increasing the diversity of the ocean science community through active recruiting and training efforts. The team has a strong track record of involving both undergraduate and graduate students in their field and lab research. The two research cruises planned will provide opportunities for students and technicians to interact with an interdisciplinary and international research team.

The ultimate objectives of this project are to understand the processes and interactions that promote distinct communities of nitrogen-fixing organisms (diazotrophs) and other phytoplankton around the Amazon Plume and to explore the impacts of these diazotroph-rich communities on zooplankton biomass and production. The research team includes scientists with expertise in nutrient and stable isotope biogeochemistry, remote sensing as well as specialists in characterizing water mass origin and history using naturally occurring radium isotopes. This combination of approaches will provide a unique opportunity to address fundamental questions related to plankton community structure, primary production, and links to secondary production in pelagic ecosystems. The project will address the following key questions focused on fundamental issues in plankton ecology resulting from previous research in this region:

- A. What mechanisms promote the preferential delivery of bioavailable phosphorus and the resulting strong nitrogen limitation associated with the northern reaches of the Amazon Plume during the high flow season?
- B. What factors lead to the clear niche separation between diazotrophs within and around the Amazon Plume and how are the distinct diazotroph communities influenced by hydrographic and biogeochemical controls associated with the Amazon River Plume and offshore upwelling processes?
- C. How does the nitrogen fixed by the different types of diazotrophs contribute to secondary production, and how efficiently does diazotroph nitrogen move through the food web?

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## **Funding**

| Funding Source                           | Award       |
|--|-------------|
| NSF Division of Ocean Sciences (NSF OCE) | OCE-1737078 |

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