

Measurements of mixed field samples used for qPCR estimates and estimating biomass of DNA copy number in bulk samples

Website: <https://www.bco-dmo.org/dataset/869225>

Data Type: experimental, Other Field Results

Version: 1

Version Date: 2022-02-03

Project

» [EAGER: New molecular methods for studying copepod nauplii in the field](#) (EAGER: Copepod nauplii)

Contributors	Affiliation	Role
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Abstract

Quantitative PCR data from developing four assays to quantify copepod naupliar biomass in Kaneohe Bay, Hawaii. These data are from measurements of mixed field samples that were used for qPCR estimates and estimating biomass of DNA copy number in bulk samples.

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Coverage

Spatial Extent: Lat:21.45 Lon:-157.8

Temporal Extent: 2015-05 - 2015-07

Methods & Sampling

Methodology:

Complete methodology is detailed in Jungbluth et al. (accepted 2022, Limnology and Oceanography Methods). Briefly, qPCR assays were developed for four copepod species: *Parvocalanus crassirostris*, *Bestiolina similis*, *Oithona simplex*, and *Oithona attenuata*. The assays were optimized and applied to mixed field samples to estimate biomass of nauplii of each species, over 5 orders of magnitude in length-based biomass and DNA copy number measured with qPCR.

Sampling and Analytical Procedures:

Zooplankton samples were either collected from the field with a Niskin bottle or 150 µm mesh plankton net with filtering cod end, or cultured in the laboratory, then preserved in 95% molecular ethyl alcohol and stored in the freezer until processing. Field samples were collected from southern Kāne'ohe Bay on the island of

Oahu, Hawai'i. DNA was extracted from individual copepods of all focal and non-focal species from the area and used to assess whether our qPCR assays were working as expected. Dilutions of the various focal and non-focal species were tested to look at the range of focal species DNA that was detectable with the assays. Finally, the DNA copy number measurements were compared with length-based and laboratory-measured carbon biomass of each species to assess the accuracy of using qPCR to estimate copepod naupliar biomass from mixed field samples.

Data Processing Description

Data Processing:

Light Cycler 96 software (Roche, v. 1.1.0.1320)

R (R core team, 2017), packages *stats* (base R) and *car* (Fox and Weisberg 2019)

BCO-DMO Processing:

- renamed fields to comply with BCO-DMO naming conventions.

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Data Files

File
field_validation.csv (Comma Separated Values (.csv), 4.64 KB) MD5:5956affa03750d932c07ce7e8f261604 Primary data file for dataset ID 869225

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Related Publications

Jungbluth, M. J., Hanson, K. M., Lenz, P. H., Robinson, H. E., & Goetze, E. (2022). Species-specific biomass estimation from gene copy number in metazoan plankton. *Limnology and Oceanography: Methods*. Portico. <https://doi.org/10.1002/lom3.10487>
Results

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Related Datasets

IsRelatedTo

Goetze, E., Lenz, P., Selph, K. E. (2022) **Data resulting from testing dilution experiments conducted in the development of four assays to quantify copepod naupliar biomass in Kaneohe Bay, Hawaii.** Biological and Chemical Oceanography Data Management Office (BCO-DMO). (Version 1) Version Date 2022-02-01 doi:10.26008/1912/bco-dmo.869011.1 [[view at BCO-DMO](#)]

Goetze, E., Lenz, P., Selph, K. E. (2022) **Measurements of individual body size and qPCR estimates of DNA copy number per individual from the development of four assays to quantify copepod naupliar biomass in Kaneohe Bay, Hawaii.** Biological and Chemical Oceanography Data Management Office (BCO-DMO). (Version 1) Version Date 2022-02-02 doi:10.26008/1912/bco-dmo.869085.1 [[view at BCO-DMO](#)]

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Parameters

Parameter	Description	Units
Experiment	Experiment ID	unitless
Sample_Name	SampleID used in study	unitless
SizeFraction	Size fraction, lower range	micrometers (um)
Species	Focal species of assay	unitless
Cq_Mean	Cycle threshold in qPCR, mean	unitless
Cq_Error	Standard deviaion of Cycle Threshold	unitless
MeanCopies	Mean copies (sample-1 m-3) measured in qPCR	mean copies per sample per cubic meter
SD_copies	SD copies	mean copies per sample per cubic meter
CalNaupAbundance	Calanoid naupliar abundance	abundance per cubic meter
CycNaupAbundance	Cyclopoid naupliar abundance	abundance per cubic meter
CalJuveAbundance	Calanoid copepodite abundance	abundance per cubic meter
CycJuveAbundance	Cyclopoid copepodite abundance	abundance per cubic meter

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Instruments

Dataset-specific Instrument Name	Applied Biosystems 3730XL
Generic Instrument Name	Automated DNA Sequencer
Dataset-specific Description	Applied Biosystems 3730XL, with BigDye terminator chemistry v3.1, was used for sequencing species and qPCR products.
Generic Instrument Description	A DNA sequencer is an instrument that determines the order of deoxynucleotides in deoxyribonucleic acid sequences.

Dataset-specific Instrument Name	Exeter Analytical CE 440
Generic Instrument Name	Elemental Analyzer
Dataset-specific Description	Exeter Analytical CE 440 was used for CHN analysis of copepods.
Generic Instrument Description	Instruments that quantify carbon, nitrogen and sometimes other elements by combusting the sample at very high temperature and assaying the resulting gaseous oxides. Usually used for samples including organic material.

Dataset-specific Instrument Name	Qubit Fluorometer (Invitrogen)
Generic Instrument Name	Fluorometer
Dataset-specific Description	A Qubit Fluorometer (Invitrogen) with the HS Assay was used for measurement of total DNA.
Generic Instrument Description	A fluorometer or fluorimeter is a device used to measure parameters of fluorescence: its intensity and wavelength distribution of emission spectrum after excitation by a certain spectrum of light. The instrument is designed to measure the amount of stimulated electromagnetic radiation produced by pulses of electromagnetic radiation emitted into a water sample or in situ.

Dataset-specific Instrument Name	Olympus dissection microscope (model SZX16)
Generic Instrument Name	Microscope - Optical
Dataset-specific Description	An Olympus dissection microscope (model SZX16) fitted with Luminera Infinity-3 was used for sorting and sizing copepod nauplii.
Generic Instrument Description	Instruments that generate enlarged images of samples using the phenomena of reflection and absorption of visible light. Includes conventional and inverted instruments. Also called a "light microscope".

Dataset-specific Instrument Name	Light Cycler 96 Quantitative PCR Thermalcycler (Roche)
Generic Instrument Name	qPCR Thermal Cycler
Dataset-specific Description	A light Cycler 96 Quantitative PCR Thermalcycler (Roche) was used for qPCR measurements.
Generic Instrument Description	An instrument for quantitative polymerase chain reaction (qPCR), also known as real-time polymerase chain reaction (Real-Time PCR).

Project Information

EAGER: New molecular methods for studying copepod nauplii in the field (EAGER: Copepod nauplii)

Coverage: Kaneohe Bay, Oahu, Hawaii

Description from NSF Award Abstract:

The most abundant metazoans in the open sea are often the earliest developmental stages of copepods, their nauplii. Nauplii remain under-studied due to the limitations of conventional techniques and an historical emphasis on studying the larger mesozooplankton. However, there is increasing recognition that nauplii play important roles in food web dynamics, and considerable evidence that nauplii may be important trophic intermediaries between microbial and classical food webs due to their high abundance, high weight-specific ingestion rates, and ability to feed on relatively small particles. This team of investigators is developing a novel molecular approach to studying diverse populations of nauplii in mixed field samples based on quantitative Polymerase Chain Reaction (qPCR). They propose to complete development and validation of this qPCR-based technique for enumeration of nauplii, and evaluate its utility in the field. The specific objectives of this research are to identify and reduce technical and biological sources of error in the methodology, determine the accuracy of the method across a range of environmental conditions, and complete one paired field experiment that compares the grazing impact of naupliar and protozoan micro-grazers in a model subtropical coastal ecosystem.

Note: This project is funded by an NSF EAGER award.

Related publications:

Jungbluth, M.J., Goetze, E., and Lenz, P.H. 2013. Measuring copepod naupliar abundance in a subtropical bay using quantitative PCR. *Marine Biology*, 160: 3125-3141. doi: [10.1007/s00227-013-2300-y](https://doi.org/10.1007/s00227-013-2300-y)

Jungbluth, M.J., and Lenz, P.H. 2013. Copepod diversity in a subtropical bay based on a fragment of the mitochondrial COI gene. *Journal of Plankton Research*, 35(3): 630-643. doi: [10.1093/plankt/fbt015](https://doi.org/10.1093/plankt/fbt015)

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Funding

Funding Source	Award
NSF Division of Ocean Sciences (NSF OCE)	OCE-1255697

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